

Aniq integraldan
Geometik fizik
Masalalarni
echishda foydalanich.

$$\int x dx = \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$\int 5^x dx = \frac{5^x}{\ln 5} + C$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x} = \ln|x|$$

$$\int x^2 dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + C$$

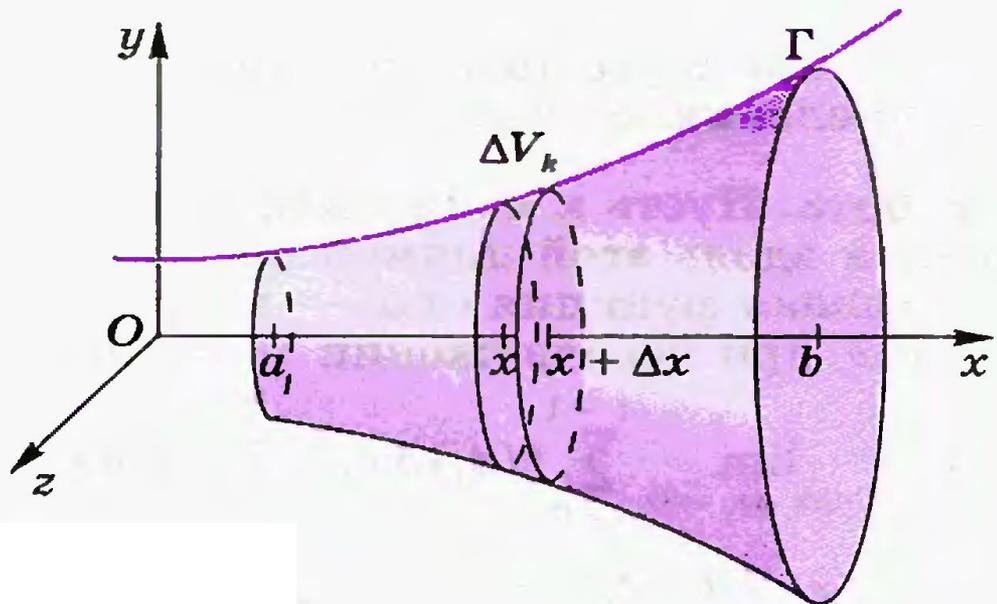
$$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$$

$$\int \cos 2x dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + C$$

$$\int_a^b f(x)dx$$

$$= \lim_{\max \Delta x_j \rightarrow 0} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} f(x) \Delta x_j$$

Avlanma iismning hajmi



$$a = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_n = b$$

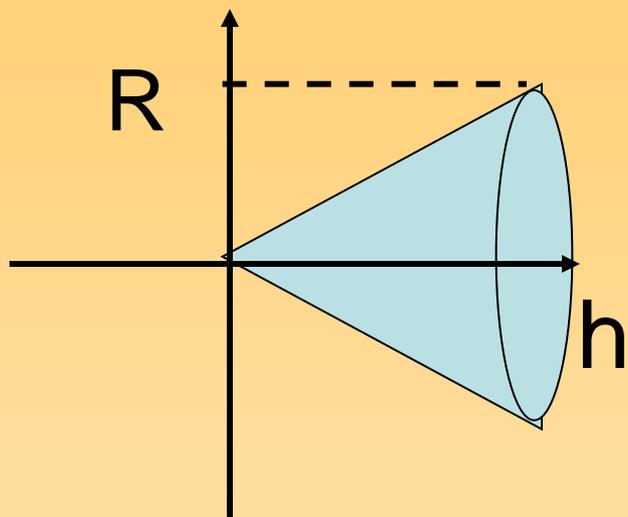
$$\begin{aligned} \Delta V_k &\approx \pi y_k^2 \Delta x_k = \\ &= \pi (f(x_k))^2 \Delta x_k \end{aligned}$$

$$V \approx \pi \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (f(x_k))^2 \Delta x_k$$

$$V = \lim_{\max \Delta x_k \rightarrow 0} \pi \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (f(x_k))^2 \Delta x_k$$

$$V = \pi \int_a^b (f(x))^2 dx$$

№ 1. Aylanma jismning hajmini topish fo'mulasidan foydalanib ko'nusning hajmini toping.



$$y = \frac{R}{h} x$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^h \left(\frac{R}{h} x \right)^2 dx = \pi \cdot \frac{R^2}{h^2} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^h = \frac{1}{3} \pi R^2 h$$

№ 2

Ushbu $y = \sin x$, $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ funksiy

Grafigining OX o'qi atrofida aylanishidan
hosil bo'lgan jismning hajmini toping

$$V = \pi \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 x dx = \frac{\pi^2}{2}$$

№ 3 Quyidagi chiziqlar bilan ularning OY o'qi atrofida aylanichidfnHosil bo'lgan jismning hfjmini toping
Chiziqlar:

$$y = \frac{x^2}{2}, \quad x=0, \quad y = 2\sqrt{2}$$

вокруг оси Oy

$$V = \pi \int_a^b x^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^{2\sqrt{2}} (\sqrt{2y})^2 dy = \pi \int_0^{2\sqrt{2}} 2y dy = \pi y^2 \Big|_0^{2\sqrt{2}} = 8\pi$$

