



18 Mavzu

Kvadratik formalar

KVADRATIK FORMANI MATRITSAVIY YOZUVDA

$$L = \mathbf{x}^T \Delta \mathbf{x}$$

$$L(x_1, x_2) = 2x_1^2 + 4x_1x_2 - 3x_2^2$$

kvadratik forma berilgan.

Unda $x_1 = 2y_1 - 3y_2$, $x_2 = y_1 + y_2$ chiziqli almashtirish natijasida olinadigan $L(y_1, y_2)$ kvadratik formani toping.

$$\Delta = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{bo`lgani uchun}$$

$$\Delta^* = C' \Delta C \quad \text{dan}$$

$$\Delta^* = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 & -17 \\ -17 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Demak, } L(y_1; y_2) = 13y_1^2 - 34y_1y_2 + 3y_2^2.$$

Etibor uchun raxmat!!!

