

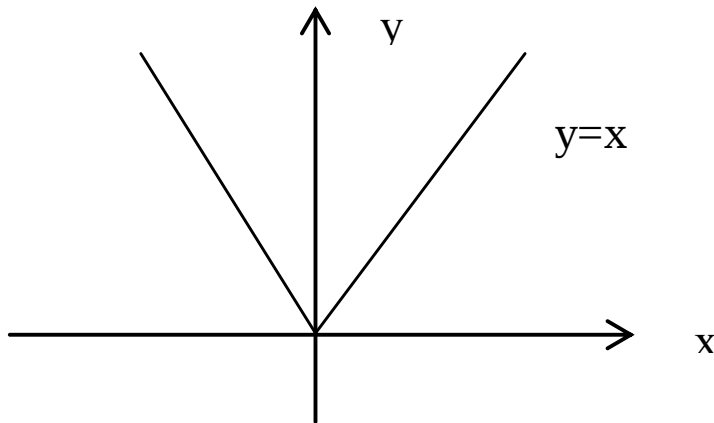
Mavzu: $y = |x|$, $y = [x]$ va $y = \{x\}$ funksiyalar

Biz bilamizki $|x|$ ifoda har qanday ma`noga ega bo`lgani uchun bu funksiyaning aniqlanish soxasi hamma sonlar to`plami bo`ladi.

Agar $x \geq 0$ bo`lsa  $|x| = x$  agar  $x < 0$  bo`lsa $|x| = -x$ bo`ladi.

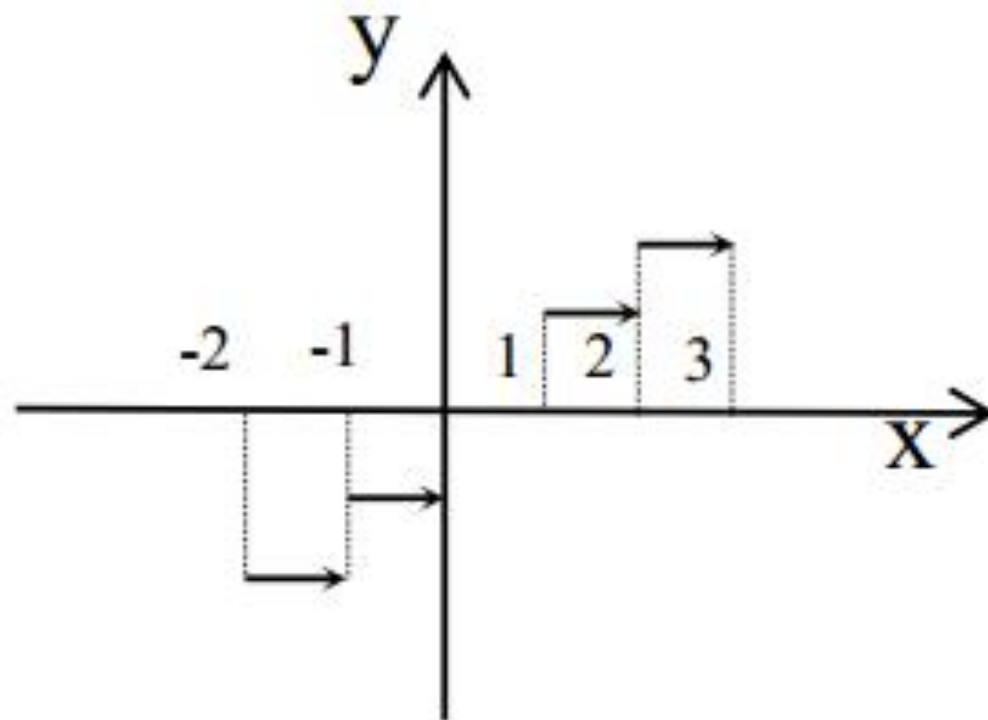
$y = |x|$ funksiyaning quyidagicha ifodalash mumkin.

$$|x| = \begin{cases} x, & \text{agar, } x \geq 0, \text{ bo'lsa,} \\ -x, & \text{agar, } x < 0, \text{ bo'lsa} \end{cases}$$



$y = [x]$ - sonning butun qismi

Grafigi:



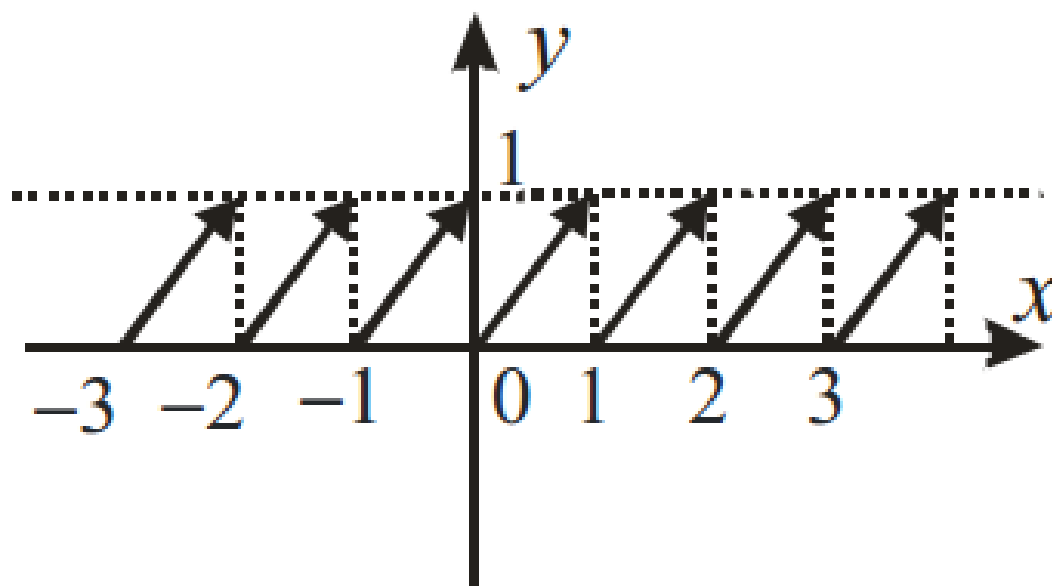
$$[2,31]=2$$

$$[12.64]=12$$

$$[-3,76]=-4$$

$$[-1,24]=-2$$

$y = \{x\}$ – sonning kasr qismi davriy funksiya



$$\{5,76\}=0,76$$

$$\{2,76\}=0,76$$

$$\{-5,26\}=0,74$$

$$\{-1,24\}=0,76$$

$$\{1,24\}=0,24$$