Grammar

Parts of Speech

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Nouns

	People	Places	Things
Example 1	Father	School	Toothbrush
Example 2	Pilot	Super America	Avocado
Example 3	<u>Fergie</u>	Leila's house	<u>Nintendo</u> <u>Wii</u>





Action Verbs: expressing action, something that a person, animal, force of nature, or thing can do	Linking Verbs: do not express action. Instead, they connect the subject of the verb to additional information about the subject	**Exercise**	
Flew, chased Flying, chasing	am, is, are, was, were, has been, are being, might have been		
Wanted, learned Want, learn	appear, feel, grow, look, prove, remain, smell, sound, taste, turn.		



Adverbs

- Words that describe a verb
- Most –ly words
- Answers these three major question;



Adjectives

- Describes, identifies, or quantifies a noun or pronoun. An adjective usually precedes the noun or the pronoun.
- describes emotions, colors, size, possession, and demonstrative
- Examples:

-The small boat foundered on the wine dark sea.

-We have lost **our** way in this wood.

-This apartment needs to be fumigated.



These two hungry people need raw meat!













Prepositions

- A preposition links nouns, pronouns and phrases to other words in a sentence.
- indicates the temporal, spatial or logical relationship of its object to the rest of the sentence

*The book is beneath the table.

* She read the book during class.





- Can be used to LINK words, phrases, or clauses
- "and," "but," "or," "nor," "for," "so," or "yet"





Hey! Put that down!

Interjections are uncommon in formal academic prose, except in direct quotations





a word added to a sentence to convey emotion.

