

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

ATROF MUHITNI ASRASH

AMALIY MASHG'ULOTNING O'QITISH TEXNOLOGIYASI

VAQTI -2 SOAT	TALABALAR SONI: 10-15
O'QUV MASHG'ULOTINING SHAKLI	KIRISH, MULOQOT
AMALIY MASHG'ULOT REJASI	TAYANCH SO'ZLAR LEKSIK MASHQLAR MATN
O'QUV MASHG'ULOTINING MAQSADI: ATROF MUHITNI ASRASH HAQIDA INGLIZ TILIDA SUHBAT QURISH, LEKSIK VA GRAMMATIK MASHQLARDA MAVZUGA DOIR SO'ZLARNI QO'LLASH.	
PEDAGOGIK VAZIFALAR: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- MAVZU MUHITINI YARATISH;- TAYANCH SO'ZLARNI IZOHLASH;- TAYANCH SO'ZLAR ISHTIROKIDA MASHQ BAJARISH;- ANIQ VA MAJHUL NISBAT SHAKLINI TUSHUNTIRISH;- MAVZUNI MUSTAHKAMLASH.	O'QUV FAOLIYATINING NATIJALARI: TALABA: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- TAYANCH SO'ZLARNI ONA TILIGA TARJIMA QILADI;- MASHQLAR BAJARADI;- “ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION” MATNINI O'QIB, TARJIMA QILADI;- BIR NECHA SO'ZLARDAN MAVZUGA DOIR SO'ZLARNI YASAYDI;- MAVZUNI MUSTAHKAMLOVCHI MASHQLAR BAJARADI.
O'QITISH USLUBI VA TEXNIKASI	BLITS-SO'ROV, BAYON QILISH, BIRGALIKDA O'QIYMIZ
O'QITISH VOSITALARI	O'QUV QO'LLANMA, PROYEKTOR, TARQATMA MATERIALLAR, DOSKA.
O'QITISH SHAKLI	JAMO'A, GURUH VA JUFTLIKDA ISHLASH.
O'QITISH SHART-SHAROITI	KOMPUTER TEXNOLOGIYALARI BILAN TAMINLANGAN, GURUHDA DARS O'TISHGA MOSLASHTIRILGAN AUDITORIYA.

AMALIY MASHG'ULOTNING TEXNOLOGIK XARITASI

BOSQICHLAR, VAQTI	FAOLIYAT MAZMUNI	
	O'QITUVCHI	TALABA
1-BOSQICH. KIRISH (10 MIN.)	1.1. MAVZU, UNING MAQSADI, O'QUV MASHG'ULOTIDAN KUTILAYOTGAN NATIJALAR MALUM QILINADI.	1.1 ESHITADI VA MAVZUNI YOZIB OLADI.
2-BOSQICH. ASOSIY (60 MIN.)	2.1. AQLIY HUJUM USULIDAN FOYDALANGAN HOLDA AUDITORIYANING TAYYORGARLIK DARAJASINI ANIQLAYDI: 2.2. O'QITUVCHI MAVZUGA DOIR YANGI SO'Z VA IBORALARNI YOZADI. 2.3. " ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION_" MATNINI HAQIDA QISQACHA GAPIRADI. 2.4. MATN YUZASIDAN SAVOLLAR VA MASHQLAR BERADI.	2.1. SAVOLLARGA JAVOB BERADI. 2.2. LUG'ATDAN FOYDALANGAN HOLDA ONA TILIGA TARJIMA QILADI. 2.3. MATNNI O'QIB TARJIMA QILADI. 2.4. SAVOLLARGA JAVOB BERADI VA MASHQLARNI BAJARADI.
3-BOSQICH. YAKUNIY (10 MIN.)	3.1. MASHG'ULOTNI YAKUNLAYDI. 3.2. TALABALARNI BAHOLAYDI VA FAOL ISHTIROKCHILARNI RAG'BATLANTIRADI. 3.3. UYGA VAZIFA BERADI.	3.1. ESHITADI, MUHOKAMADA ISHTIROK ETADI. 3.2. ESHITADI. 3.3. YOZIB OLADI.

GLOSSARY

- **CONSERVATION—SAQLASH**
- **MAINTAIN—HOLATINI SAQLAMOQ**
- **SURVIVE—YASHASH UCHUN**
- **MODIFY—O'ZGARTIRMOQ**
- **INEVITABLE—QOCHIB BO'LMAS**
- **ESSENTIAL—MUHIM**
- **REGENERATE—YAXSHILANMOQ**

GLOSSARY

- **PESTICIDE—ZARARKUNANDALARGA QAPSHI KURASHISH VOSITASI**
- **APPLIED—AMALIY**
- **UNDESIRABLE—MAQSADGA MUVOFIQ**
- **CONTAMINATE—ZAHARLAMOQ**
- **REPELLENT—ZARARKUNANDALARNI QO'RQITUVCHI VOSITA**
- **ENCOURAGEMENT—IMKON BERMOQ**



CONSERVATION OF LIVING RESOURCES

Conservation of living resources means using them in such ways that valuable plants and animals are maintained for future generations.

CONSERVATION OF LIVING RESOURCES

- *To survive, every species must modify its environment. So, environmental modification is a natural process, it is a necessary part of development. It is inevitable that most of the planet will be modified by people. However, this modification may have some harmful side-effects. To conserve the environment is to find such ways of development which will at the same time conserve the living resources essential for man.*



Soil

Soil is of the greatest importance in the life of people, as all food production depends on it.

Soil

SOIL EROSION IS A NATURAL PROCESS, BUT USUALLY THE SOIL IS REGENERATED IF THERE IS ENOUGH VEGETATION. IF SOIL AND VEGETATION ARE NOT IN BALANCE AS A RESULT OF POOR SOIL MANAGEMENT, THE SOIL IS LOST.

PEST CONTROL

Pest control is another important problem. Chemicals are an effective means of control, but if too high doses of pesticide are applied, it may produce undesirable effect. Too high doses of pesticide destroy natural pest enemies and may contaminate food and feed. Besides, these pesticides may become less effective after some time. That is why chemical control methods should be combined with the introduction of pest-resistant crop varieties, the use of repellents and hormones, the encouragement of natural pest enemies and other biological and mechanical control measures.



SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Such and similar problems should be considered by a special soil conservation service.

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

THIS SERVICE SHOULD OPERATE IN EACH COUNTRY. IT SHOULD BE ABLE NOT ONLY TO GIVE RECOMMENDATIONS, BUT ALSO TO INFLUENCE THE AGRICULTURAL POLICY AND THE DECISIONS ON SECURING FOOD SUPPLIES.