

MOTHER'S DAY

"MOTHER'S DAY" TECHNOLOGY OF TEACHING AT THE PRACTICAL LESSON

NUMBER OF STUDENTS: NO MORE THAN 15

FORM OF THE LESSON

PLAN OF THE LESSON

PURPOSE OF THE LESSON

TIME OF THE LESSON: 2 HOURS

PRACTICAL WITH ELEMENTS OF RESEARCH AND ANALYZE

1 .PRESENTATION OF THE LESSON PLAN: DEFINITION OF THE SUBJECT AIMS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF THE STUDENT'S ACTIVITY.

2.CHECKING OF HOME TASK (GRAMMAR EXERCISES AND REPORTS)

3. STUDY THE TEXT "MOTHER'S DAY".

4.DISCUSS MEANING OF NEW WORDS USING PICTURES.

1. CONTRIBUTE TO KNOWLEDGE OF STUDENTS ABOUT "MOTHER'S DAY".

2. ASSIST THE STUDENTS IN MAKING A CHOICE OF FURTHER POST-GRADUATE STUDY.

3.DEVELOP STUDENTS ANALYTICAL SKILLS AND ABILITIES TO MAKE RESEARCH.

PEDAGOGICAL TASKS:

- ***DISCUSS THE BEFOREHAND GIVEN TASKS OF MAKING RESEARCH OF "MOTHER'S DAY"***
- STUDENTS WORK WITH TEXT VOCABULARY, MATCH APPROPRIATE MEANINGS OF NEW WORDS***
- DIRECT STUDENTS IN LEARNING THE HANDOUT MATERIALS.***
- GIVE THE TASK TO ANALYZE AND EXPRESS OWN OPINION***
- ***GIVE THE HOME TASK.***

LO.METHODS OF TEACHING

11 .FORMS OF TEACHING

12.MEANS OF TEACHING

13. CONDITION OF THE

LESSON 14.MONITORING AND MARKS

RESULTS OF THE STUDENTS ACTIVITY:

- COMPREHEND THE TEXT WITH NEW WORDS SO THAT TO BE ABLE TO DISCUSS ITS MAIN ISSUES.***
- ***MAKING CONCLUSIONS AND EXPRESS PERSONAL POINT OF VIEW.***

VISUAL, SLIDE SHOW, GROUP WORK.

TEXT WITH EXERCISES, HANDOUT, DATA TABLES

WORKING IN GROUPS.

CLASSROOMS, SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF STUDENTS.

ORAL CONTROL, MARKING, CORRECTION.

«MOTHER'S DAY » TECHNOLOGY OF TEACHING AT THE PRACTICAL LESSON

STEPS, TIME	ACTIVITY	
	PROFESSOR	STUDENTS
1. INTRODUCTION IN TO STUDYING PROCESS (5-10 MIN)	1.1. PRESENTATION OF THE SUBJECT AND MAIN PURPOSE OF THE LESSON 1.2. FORMING OF LANGUAGE ATMOSPHERE IN CONNECTION WITH THE ACTUALITY OF THE PRESENT LESSON'S SUBJECT. 1.3. PRESENTATION OF THE LESSON PLAN AND THE MARKING SYSTEM.	1.1. LISTEN, ASK QUESTIONS, EXCHANGE OPINIONS. 1.2. ORAL SPEECH TRAINING. 1.3. TAKING FEEDBACK.
2. ACTUALIZATION OF KNOWLEDGE (10-15 MIN)	2.1. CHECKING HOMEWORK CONCERNED WITH PRESENT LESSON'S SUBJECT 2.2. PRESENTATION OF NEW WORDS CONCERNING THE SUBJECT. 2.3. CHECKING OF STUDENT'S VOCABULARY ON THE GIVEN TEXT BY METHOD OF USING PICTURES.	2.1.REPORT HOME TASKS 2.2.FIND OUT NEW WORDS MEANING 2.3.EXCHANGE OPINIONS. 2.4.LISTEN, WRITE. 2.5.SHOW KNOWLEDGE.
3. THE MAIN PART (55-60 MIN)	3.1. EXPLAINING AND SHOWING THE STRUCTURE OF "MOTHER'S DAY". 3.2. GIVING HANDOUT MATERIALS TO MAKE A VISUAL RESEARCH 3.3. DIVIDING THE GROUP INTO SUBGROUPS TO ACHIEVE THE BRAINSTORMING EFFECT.	3.1.FULFILL TASKS. 3.2.READ, TRANSLATE, ANALYZE AND COMMUNICATE. 3.3.LISTEN, READ, DO SOME EXERCISES. 3.4.PERSONAL CONCLUSIONS AND PRESENTATION OF THEIR ACTIVITY.
4. CONCLUSION (10-15 MIN)	4.1. RESUME THE RESULTS. 4.2. EVALUATE STUDENTS' ACTIVITY.	4.1. LISTEN, WRITE. 4.2. TAKING FEEDBACK.

MOTHER'S DAY

The modern **Mother's Day** is celebrated on various days in many parts of the world, most commonly in March, April, or May as a day to honor mothers and motherhood, in the UK and Ireland, it follows the old traditions of Mothering Sunday, celebrated in March/April.

***AS THE US HOLIDAY
WAS ADOPTED BY
OTHER COUNTRIES AND
CULTURES, THE DATE
WAS CHANGED TO FIT
ALREADY EXISTING
CELEBRATIONS
HONOURING
MOTHERHOOD, LIKE
MOTHERING SUNDAY
IN THE UK OR THE
ORTHODOX
CELEBRATION OF JESUS
IN THE TEMPLE IN
GREECE.***





In some countries it was changed to dates that were significant to the majority religion, like the Virgin Mary day in Catholic countries, or the birthday of the daughter of the Prophet Muhammad in Islamic countries. Other countries changed it to historical dates, like Bolivia using the date of a certain battle where women participated. See the "International history and traditions" section for the complete list.

***IN MOST COUNTRIES,
MOTHER'S DAY IS A
RECENT OBSERVANCE
DERIVED FROM THE
HOLIDAY AS IT HAS
EVOLVED IN AMERICA.
WHEN IT WAS ADOPTED
BY OTHER COUNTRIES
AND CULTURES, IT WAS
GIVEN DIFFERENT
MEANINGS, ASSOCIATED
TO DIFFERENT EVENTS
(RELIGIOUS, HISTORICAL
OR LEGENDARY), AND
CELEBRATED IN A
DIFFERENT DATE OR
DATES.***



Some countries already had existing celebrations honoring motherhood, and their celebrations have adopted several external characteristics from the US holiday, like giving carnations and other presents to your own mother.

The extent of the celebrations varies greatly. In some countries, it is potentially offensive to one's mother not to mark Mother's Day. In others, it is a little-known festival celebrated mainly by immigrants, or covered by the media as a taste of foreign culture (compare the celebrations of Diwali in the UK and the United States).

In the United Kingdom and Ireland, there was a celebration called Mothering Sunday, which fell on the fourth Sunday of Lent (3 April in 2011). Most historians believe that it originated from the 16th century Christian practice of visiting one's mother church annually on Laetere Sunday, which meant that most mothers would be reunited with their children on this day when young apprentices and young women in servitude were released by their masters that weekend. As a result of secularization, it was then principally used to show appreciation to one's mother, although it is still recognized in the historical sense by some churches, with attention paid to Mary the mother of Jesus Christ as well as the traditional concept 'Mother Church'.



By 1935 Mothering Sunday was less celebrated in Europe. The idea was revived by the American soldiers who came to fight in World War II, who celebrated Anna Jarvis' Mother's Day on the second Sunday of May. People from Ireland and UK started celebrating Mother's Day on the fourth Sunday of Lent, the same day on which Mothering Sunday had been celebrated before it disappeared.



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SOME TRADITIONS WERE REVIVED, SUCH AS THE TRADITION OF EATING CAKE ON THAT DAY. ALTHOUGH THEY NOW EAT SIMNEL CAKE INSTEAD OF THE CAKES THAT WERE TRADITIONALLY PREPARED AT THAT TIME.

Mothering Sunday can fall at the earliest on 1 March (in years when Easter Day falls on 22 March) and at the latest on 4 April (when Easter Day falls on 25 April).

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