



TOSHKENT IRRIGATSIYA VA QISHLOQ
ХО'JALIGINI MEXANIZATSİYALASH
MUHANDİSLARI INSTITUTI



ELEKTR TA'MINOTI VA
QAYTA TIKLANUVCHAN
ENERGIYA MANBALARI
KAFEDRASI

FAN: |

ЎТКИНЧИ
ЖАРАЁНЛАР

ТЕМА
06

НОМЛАНГАН
КАТТАЛИКЛАРНИ АНИҚ
ҲИСОБЛАШ



БАБАЕВ АЗИЗ
ГАЛИБОВИЧ



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Adabiyotlar:

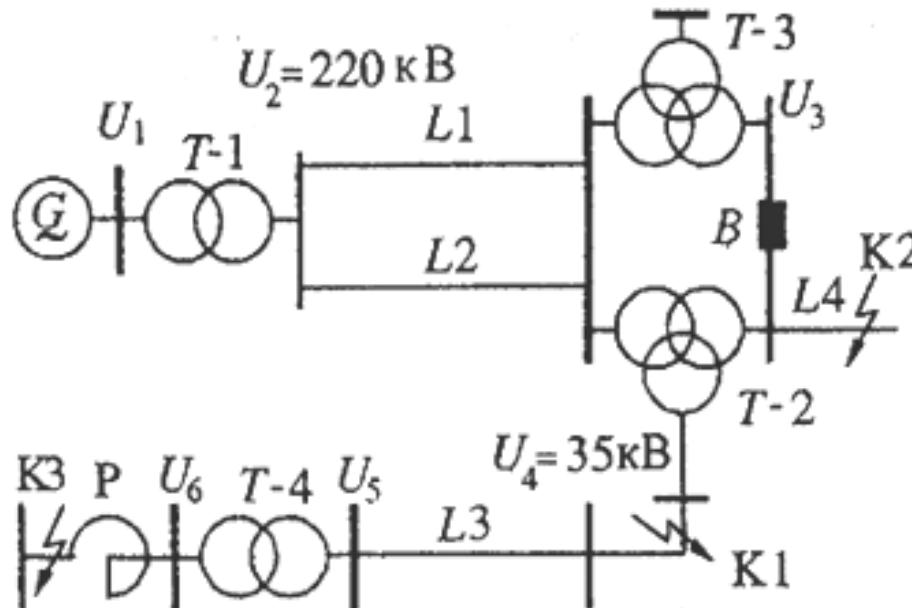
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2. Ульянов С.А. Электромагнитные переходные процессы в электрических системах. - М: Энергия, 1970. - 520 с.
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NOMLI BIRLIKLARDA ANIQ KELTIRISH

Qisqa tutashuv toklar hisobi.

Masala. Berilgan energosistema sxemasi uchun (5.1rasm) nisbiy va nomli birliklarda aniq va taxminiy keltirishlarni amalga oshiring.

Generator dastlab nominal kuchlanishda salt ishlab turgan deb hisoblab uch fazali qisqa tutashuvdagi o'ta o'tkinchi tokni hisoblang.



5.1-rasm. ES ning sxemasi (5.1 masala uchun)

Sxema elementlarining parametrlari :

Generator G: $S_{\text{nom}} = 176,5 \text{ MVA}$, $U_{\text{nom}} = 15,75 \text{ kV}$, $x''_d = 0,5$.

Transformator T-1: $S_{\text{nom}} = 180 \text{ MVA}$, $242/15,5 \text{ kV}$, $U_K = 12 \%$. Transformatorlar T-2, T-3: $S_{\text{nom}} = 90 \text{ MVA}$, $220/38,5/11 \text{ kV}$, $U_{\text{vs}} = 12 \%$,
 $U_{\text{vn}} = 20\%$, $U_{\text{sn}} = 8\%$.

Transformator T-4: $S_{\text{nom}} = 60 \text{ MVA}$, $35/6,6 \text{ kV}$, $U_K = 10,5 \%$.

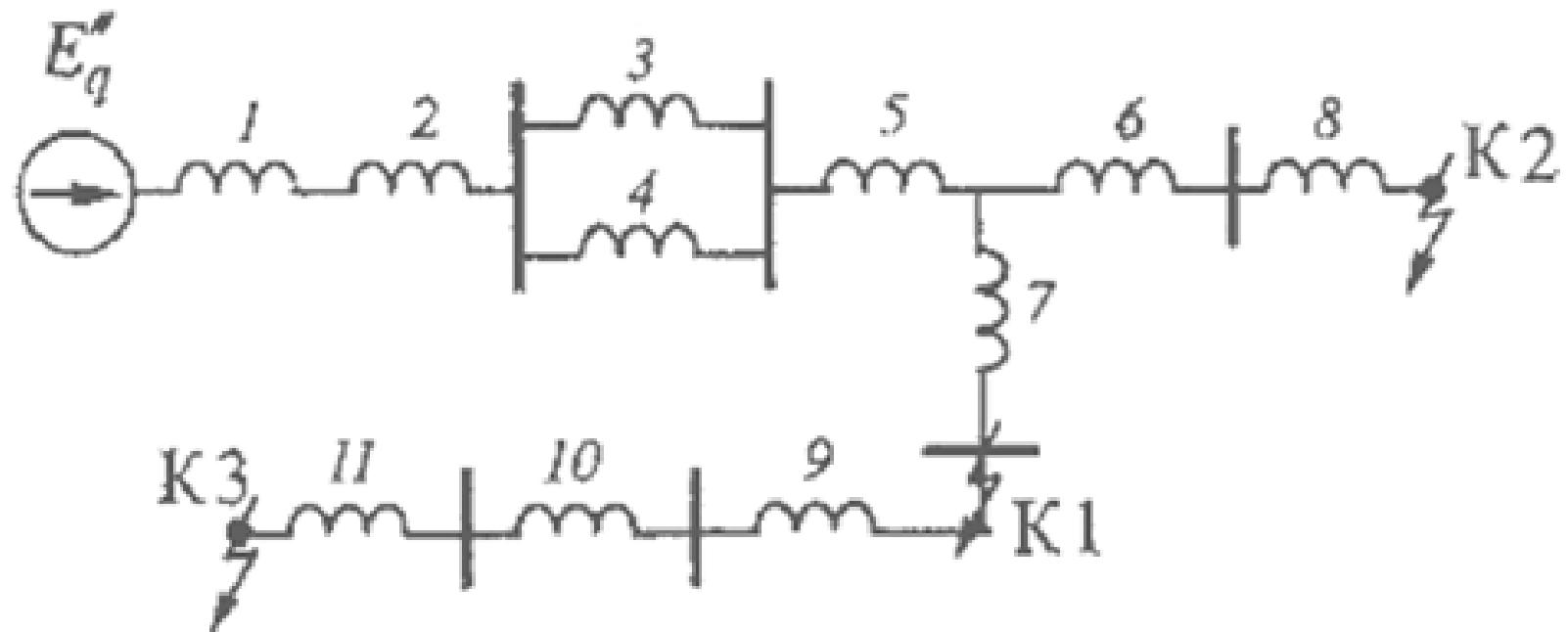
Liniya L1, L2: $l = 110 \text{ km}$, $x_o = 0,4 \text{ Om/km}$.

Liniya L3: $l = 30 \text{ km}$, $x_o = 0,4 \text{ Om/km}$.

Liniya L4 (kabel): $l = 2,5 \text{ km}$, $x_o = 0,08 \text{ Om/km}$.

Reaktor: $U_{\text{nom}} = 6 \text{ kV}$, $I_{\text{nom}} = 500 \text{ A}$, $x = 5 \%$.

Hisoblash sxemasi .



5.2.rasm . 5.1. masalasini echish uchun xisobiy almashtirish sxemasi .

Nomli birliklarda aniq keltirish

T-1 transformatorning yuqori kuchlanishli shinasi kuchlanishining asosiy pog'onasi $U_{osn}=220$ kV qabul qilamiz. Transformatorning haqiqiy transformatsiyasi koeffitsientini hisobga olib reaktiv qarshiliklarning keltirilgan qiymatlari uchun quyidagiga ega bo'lamiz:

$$x_1=x_d''(U_{nom}^2/S_{nom})(k_{r1})^2=0.15(15.75/176.5)(242/15.75)^2=49.8 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_2=(U_{K\%}/100)(U_{nom}^2/S_{nom})=(12/100)(242^2/180)=39 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_3=x_4=x_0l_1=0.4 \cdot 110=44 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_5=(U_{Kv}/100)(U_{nom}^2/S_{nom})=(12/100)(220^2/90)=64.5 \text{ Om},$$

bu erda $U_{Kv}=0.5(U_{Kv-s}+U_{Kv-n}-U_{Ks-n})=0.5(12+20-8)=12\%$,

$$x_6=(U_{Kn}/100)(U_{nom}^2/S_{nom})=(8/100)(220^2/90)=43 \text{ Om},$$

bu erda $U_{Kn}=0.5(U_{Kv-n}+U_{Ks-n}-U_{Kv-s})=0.5(20+8-12)=8\%$,

$$x_7=(U_{Ks}/100)(U_{nom}^2/S_{nom})=0,$$

bu erda $U_{Ks}=0$,

$$x_8 = x_0 l_4 (k_{r2})^2 = 0.08 \cdot 2.5 (220/11)^2 = 80 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_9 = x_0 l_3 (k_{r2})^2 = 0.4 \cdot 30 (220/38.5)^2 = 392 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_{10} = (U_K \% / 100) (U_{nom4}^2 / S_{nom4}) (k_{r2})^2 = (10.5 / 100) (35^2 / 60) (220/38.5)^2 = 70 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_{11} = (x_p \% / 100) (U_{nom} / 3^{0.5} I_{nom}) (k_{r4} k_{r2}) =$$

$$= (5 / 100) (6 / 3^{0.5} \cdot 0.5) [(35 / 6.6) (220/38.5)]^2 = 318 \text{ Om}.$$

Generator EYUK ning faza qiymati :

$$E''_q = U_{nom} k_{r1} = 15.75 (242 / 3^{0.5} \cdot 15.75) = 242 / 3^{0.5} = 139.8 \text{ kV}.$$

K1 nuqtada boshlangich o'ta o'tkinchi tok:

$$I''_{K1} = E''_q / x_{1\Sigma} = 139.8 / 175.3 = 0.79 \text{ kA},$$

bu erda $x_{1\Sigma} = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 // x_4 + x_5 + x_7 = 175.3 \text{ Om}$.

KZ pog'onasiga (38,5 kV) keltirilgan tok:

$$\bar{I}''_{K1} = I''_{K1} (1 / k'_{r2}) = 0.79 (220 / 38.5) = 4.5 \text{ kA},$$

K2 uchun:

$$I''_{K2} = E''_q / X_{2\Sigma} = 139.8 / 298.3 = 0.47 \text{ kA},$$

bu erda $X_{2\Sigma} = X_1 + X_2 + X_3 // X_4 + X_5 + X_6 + X_8 = 298.3 \text{ Om.}$

KZ pog'onasiga (11 kV) keltirilgan tok:

$$\bar{I}''_{K2} = I''_{K2} (1/k'_{r2}) = 0.47 (220/11) = 9.4 \text{ kA},$$

K3 uchun:

$$I''_{K3} = E''_q / X_{3\Sigma} = 139.8 / 955.3 = 0.146 \text{ kA},$$

bu erda $X_{3\Sigma} = X_1 + X_2 + X_3 // X_4 + X_5 + X_7 + X_9 + X_{10} + X_{11} = 955.3 \text{ Om.}$

KZ pog'onasiga (6,6 kV) keltirilgan tok:

$$\bar{I}''_{K3} = I''_{K3} (1/k''_{r2}) (1/k'_{r4}) = 0.146 (220/38.5) (35/6.6) = 4.4 \text{ kA},$$

Nomli birliklarda taxminiy keltirish

O'matilgan shkala bo'yicha transformatsiyalash pog'onalarini nominal kuchlanishning o'rtacha miqdori:

$$U_1=15,75 \text{ kV}, U_2=230 \text{ kV}, U_3=10..5 \text{ kV}, U_4=37 \text{ kV}, U_6=6.3 \text{ kV}.$$

230 kV kuchlanish pog'onasiga keltirish qarshilikning quyidagi qiymatlarini beradi:

$$x_1=0,15(230^2/176.5)=45 \text{ Om}, \quad x_2=(12/100)(230^2/180)=35.4 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_3=x_4=0.4 \cdot 100=44 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_5=(12/100)(230^2/90)=70.7 \text{ Om}, \quad x_6=(8/100)(230^2/90)=47.1 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_7=0, \quad x_8=0.08 \cdot 2.5(230^2/90)=96 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_9=0.4 \cdot 30(230^2/37)=463 \text{ Om}, \quad x_{10}=(10.5/100)(37^2/60)(230/37)^2=92.6 \text{ Om},$$

$$x_{11}=(5/100)(6/3^{0.5} \cdot 0.5)(230/6.3)^2=464 \text{ Om}.$$

Generator EYUK ining faza qiymati :

$$E''_q = 15.75(230/3^{0.5} \cdot 15.75) = 132.5 \text{ kV.}$$

K1 nuqtada boshlang'ich tok ;

$$I''_{K1} = 132.5/173.1 = 0.76 \text{ kA,}$$

bu erda $x_{\Sigma 1} = 45 + 35.4 + (44/2) + 70.7 = 173.1 \text{ Om.}$

KZ (37 kV) pog'onasiga keltirilgan tok :

$$\bar{I}''_{K1} = 0.76(230/37) = 4.72 \text{ kA,}$$

K2 nuqtada

$$\bar{I}''_{K2} = 132.5/316.2 = 0.42 \text{ kA,}$$

bu erda $x_{\Sigma 2} = 45 + 35.4 + (44/2) + 70.7 + 47.1 + 96 = 316.2 \text{ Om.}$

KZ (10,5 kV) pog'onasiga keltirilgan tok:

$$\bar{I}''_{K2} = 0.42(230/10.5) = 9.18 \text{ kA,}$$

KZ nuqtada

$$\bar{I}''_{K3} = 132.5/1192.7 = 0.11 \text{ kA,}$$

bu erda $x_{\Sigma 3} = 45 + 35.4 + (44/2) + 70.7 + 463 + 92.6 + 464 = 1192.7 \text{ Om.}$

KZ (6,3 kV) pog'onasiga keltirilgan tok:

$$\bar{I}''_{K3} = 0.11(230/6.3) = 4.06 \text{ kA.}$$

Nisbiy birliklarda aniq keltirish .

Bazis quvvat sifatida $S_6 = 1000 \text{ MVA}$, bazis kuchlanishi sifatida $- U_{61} = 220 \text{ kV}$. qabul qilamiz: Kuchlanishning boshqa pog'onalarida bazis kuchlanish quyidagidek bo'ldi ;

$$U_{62} = U_{61}/k_{r1} = 220(15.75/242) = 14.3 \text{ kV},$$

$$U_{63} = U_{61}/k_{r2S} = 220(38.5/220) = 38.5 \text{ kV},$$

$$U_{64} = U_{61}/k_{r2N} = 220/11/220 = 11 \text{ kV},$$

$$U_{65} = U_{61}/k_{r1}k_{r3} = 220(38.5/220)(6.6/35) = 7.26 \text{ kV}.$$

KZ pog'onasidagi bazis toklar miqdori :

$$I_{63} = S_6/3^{0.5}U_{63} = 1000/3^{0.5} \cdot 38.5 = 15 \text{ kA},$$

$$I_{64} = S_6/3^{0.5}U_{64} = 1000/3^{0.5} \cdot 11 = 52.5 \text{ kA},$$

$$I_{65} = S_6/3^{0.5}U_{65} = 1000/3^{0.5} \cdot 7.26 = 79.5 \text{ kA},$$

Reaktiv qarshiliklarning nisbiy kattaliklari :

$$x_1 = x''_d(S_6/S_{nom})(U_{nom}/U_{62})^2 = 0.15(1000/176.5)(15.75/14.3)^2 = 1.03,$$

$$x_2 = (U_K\%/100)(S_6/S_{nom})(U_n/U_{61})^2 = 0.81,$$

$$x_3 = x_4 = x_0 l_1 (S_6/U_{61}^2) = 0.4 \cdot 110(1000/220^2) = 0.91,$$

$$x_5 = (U_{Kv}\%/100)(S_6/S_{nom})(U_{nom}/U_{61})^2 = (12/100)(1000/90) = 1.33,$$

$$x_6 = (U_{Kn}\%/100)(S_6/S_{nom})(U_{nom}/U_{61})^2 = (8/100)(1000/90) = 0.89,$$

$$x_7 = 0, \quad x_8 = x_0 l_4 (S_6/U_{64}^2) = 0.08 \cdot 2.5(1000/11^2) = 1.65,$$

$$x_9 = x_0 l_3 (S_6/U_{63}^2) = 0.4 \cdot 30(1000/38.5^2) = 8.1,$$

$$x_{10} = (U_K\%/100)(S_6/S_{nom})(U_{nom}/U_{63})^2 = (10.5/100)(1000/60) = 1.45,$$

$$x_{11} = (x_r\%/100)(I_{65}/I_{nom})(U_n/U_{65}) = (5/100)(79.5/0.5)(6/7.26) = 6.56.$$

EYUK nisbiy kattaligi :

$$E''_q = 15.75 / 14.3 = 1.1.$$

K1 nuqtada boshlangich o'tkinchi tok ;

$$I''_{K1} = E''_q / x_{\Sigma 1} = 1.1 / 3.62 = 0.3,$$

$$\text{bu erda } x_{\Sigma 1} = 1.03 + 0.81 + (0.1/2) + 1.33 = 3.62.$$

KZ dagi nomli tok miqdori;

$$I''_{K1} = I''_{K1} I_{63} = 0.3 \cdot 15 = 4.5 \text{ kA},$$

K2 uchun

$$I''_{K2} = E''_q / x_{\Sigma 2} = 1.1 / 6.16 = 0.18,$$

$$\text{Bu erda } x_{\Sigma 2} = 1.03 + 0.81 + (0.91/2) + 1.33 + 0.89 + 1.65 = 6.16.$$

Nomli birliklarda tok miqdori :

$$I''_{K2} = I''_{K2} I_{64} = 0.18 \cdot 52.5 = 9.4 \text{ kA},$$

KZ nuqtadagi tokning nomli birliklardagi miqdori :

$$I''_{KZ} = E''_q / x_{\Sigma 3} = 1.1 / 19.73 = 0.056,$$

$$\text{bu erda } x_{\Sigma 3} = 1.03 + 0.81 + (0.91/2) + 1.33 + 8.1 + 1.45 + 6.56 = 19.73.$$

KZ nuqtadagi tokning nomli miqdori ;

$$I''_{KZ} = I''_{KZ} I_{65} = 0.056 \cdot 79.5 = 4.4 \text{ kA}.$$

Nisbiy birliklarda tarkibiy keltirish .

Tarqribiy keltirishda har bir kuchlanish o'sha bosqichning nominal kuchlanishlarning o'rtacha qiymatiga teng bo'ladi:

$$U_{61}=230 \text{ kV}, U_{62}=15.75 \text{ kV}, U_{63}=37 \text{ kV}, U_{64}=10.5 \text{ kV}, U_{65}=6.3 \text{ kV}.$$

$S_6=1000 \text{ MVA}$ bo'lganida KZ pog'onalardagi bazis toklar qiymatlari quyidagiga hisoblanadi:

$$I_{63}=1000/3^{0.5} \cdot 37=15.6 \text{ kA}, \quad I_{64}=1000/3^{0.5} \cdot 10.5=55 \text{ kA},$$

$$I_{65}=1000/3^{0.5} \cdot 6.3=91.5 \text{ kA}.$$

Bu xolda qarshiliklarni hisobi ancha soddalashadi :

$$x_1=x_d''(S_6/S_n)=0,15(1000/176.5)=0.85, \quad x_2=(12/100)(1000/180)=0.67,$$

$$x_3=x_4=0.4 \cdot 110(1000/230^2), \quad x_5=(12/100)(1000/90)=1.33,$$

$$x_6=(8/100)(1000/90)=0.89, \quad x_7=0, \quad x_8=0.08 \cdot 2.5(1000/10.5)=1.82,$$

$$x_9=0.4 \cdot 30(1000/37^2)=8.8, \quad x_{10}=(10.5/100)(1000/60)=1.75,$$

$$x_{11}=(5/100)(91.5/0.5)(6/6.3)=8.7.$$

EYUK ning nisbiy kattaligi :

$$E''_q = 15.75 / 15.75 = 1.$$

K1 o'tkinchi boshlangich tok:

$$I''_{K1} = 1 / 3.26 = 0.3,$$

Bu erda $x_{\Sigma 1} = 0.85 + 0.67 + 0.415 + 1.33 = 3.26$.

Tokning nomli kattaliklaridagi qiymati :

$$I''_{K1} = 0.3 \cdot 15.6 = 4.8 \text{ kA}, \text{ v nochke K2 } I''_{K2} = 1 / 5.97 = 0.167,$$

bu erda $x_{\Sigma 2} = 0.85 + 0.67 + 0.415 + 1.33 + 0.89 + 1.82 = 5.97$; $I''_{K2} = 0.167 \cdot 5.97 = 9.2 \text{ kA}$,

K3 nuqtada $I''_{K3} = 1 / 22.5 = 0.044$,

bu erda $x_{\Sigma 3} = 0.85 + 0.67 + 0.415 + 1.33 + 8.8 + 1.75 + 8.7 = 22.5$;

$$I''_{KZ} = 0.044 \cdot 91.5 = 4.1 \text{ kA}.$$

Elektr tok tarmog'ining KZ (kA) nuqtada parametrlarni keltirib hisoblangan qisqa tutashuv toklarning, nomli va nisbiy birliklarda hisoblangan kattaliklari jadvalda keltirilgan.

Keltirilgan	K1		K2		K3	
Aniq	4.50	4.50	9.40	9.40	4.40	4.40
Taxminiy	4.72	4.80	9.12	9.20	4.06	4.1



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